Ingredients

- Yeast: Yeast is a living organism used in baking to help dough rise by consuming sugars and producing carbon dioxide.
- Baking Powder: Baking powder is a leavening agent containing a combination of baking soda, cream of tartar, and sometimes cornstarch.
- Vanilla Extract: Vanilla extract is a concentrated liquid made from vanilla beans, used to add flavor to baked goods and desserts.
- Cocoa Powder: Cocoa powder is a finely ground, unsweetened chocolate product that is commonly used in baking and pastry recipes for flavor.
- Butter: Butter is a dairy product made from churning cream or milk, commonly used in baking and pastry for its rich flavor.
- Sugar: A sweet substance derived from plants, used to add sweetness and flavor to baked goods and pastries.
- Flour: Flour is a powdery ingredient made by grinding grains, nuts, seeds, or roots, commonly used in baking and pastry recipes.

Mixing techniques

- Emulsify: Emulsify is the process of combining two or more liquids that don't naturally mix together, such as oil and water.
- Whisk: A whisk is a kitchen tool used for blending ingredients together quickly and evenly, typically made of metal loops.
- Stir: To mix ingredients together using a gentle circular motion in order to fully incorporate them without overmixing.
- Mix: Mix refers to combining ingredients thoroughly to create a uniform texture and distribute flavors evenly in baking and pastry recipes.
- Incorporate: Incorporate refers to blending ingredients together thoroughly to create a uniform mixture, often used in baking and pastry preparation.
- Fold: Folding is a gentle mixing technique used in baking and pastry to incorporate ingredients without deflating the mixture.
- Combine: To incorporate ingredients by blending them together thoroughly, using methods such as folding, creaming, or stirring in baking.
- Blend: Blend refers to combining ingredients together smoothly and evenly, typically using a gentle folding or stirring motion in baking.

Baking methods

- Whisking: Whisking refers to vigorously mixing ingredients together using a whisk, incorporating air and creating a smooth, uniform texture.
- Proofing: Proofing in baking refers to the process of allowing dough to rise before baking, allowing yeast to ferment and expand.
- Mixing: Mixing refers to combining ingredients thoroughly to create a uniform texture in baked goods, often achieved using a mixer.
- Kneading: Kneading is the process of mixing and working dough with hands to develop gluten and create a smooth texture.
- Creaming: Creaming is a baking method where butter and sugar are mixed together until light and fluffy to incorporate air.
- Broiling: Broiling is a cooking method that involves exposing food to direct heat from above in an oven or grill.
- Baking: Baking is a dry-heat cooking method that uses convection heat to cook food items such as breads, cakes, and pastries.
- Folding: Folding is a gentle mixing technique used in baking where ingredients are incorporated by gently turning and combining them together.

Pastry doughs

- Buttery: Buttery refers to a pastry dough that has a rich, tender, and flaky texture due to a high butter content.
- Choux Pastry: Choux pastry is a light and airy dough made from flour, butter, water, and eggs, often used to make cream puffs and \tilde{A} ©clairs.
- Crumbly: Crumbly refers to a texture of pastry dough that is dry, fragile, and easily breaks into small pieces when handled.
- Filo Dough: Filo dough is a thin, delicate pastry dough made by layering paper-thin sheets of dough to create a flaky texture.
- Flaky: Flaky refers to a pastry dough that is light, airy, and has distinct layers that separate when baked, creating a crisp texture.
- Puff Pastry: Puff pastry is a light, flaky pastry made by repeatedly folding butter into a dough, resulting in many layers when baked.
- Shortcrust: Shortcrust pastry is a type of pastry dough that is crumbly and flaky, commonly used for pies and tarts.

Decorating techniques

- Fondant: Fondant is a smooth, pliable icing made from sugar, water, and gelatin, commonly used in cake decorating for a polished finish.
- Sugar Flowers: Sugar flowers are edible decorations made from a mixture of sugar, water, and sometimes gum paste, used to adorn cakes.
- Stenciling: Stenciling is a decorating technique where a design is created by placing a cut-out stencil on a surface and applying color.
- Royal Icing: Royal icing is a type of icing made from powdered sugar and egg whites, commonly used for decorating cakes and cookies.
- Piping: Piping is a technique in baking and pastry where a mixture is squeezed through a piping bag to create designs.
- Marbling: Marbling is a technique where different colored batters or icings are swirled together to create a marbled effect.
- Airbrushing: Airbrushing is a technique in baking and pastry where food coloring is sprayed onto a surface using an airbrush tool.

Tools and equipment

- Dough Cutter: A dough cutter is a tool used in baking to cut through dough and create uniform shapes for pastries or bread.
- Oven: An oven is a kitchen appliance used for baking, roasting, and heating food through the use of dry heat.
- Piping Bag: A conical-shaped bag, typically made of cloth or plastic, used for piping frosting, icing, or batter onto baked goods.
- Rolling Pin: A rolling pin is a cylindrical tool used in baking to flatten and shape dough for pastries, cookies, and pies.
- Spatula: A spatula is a flat, flexible utensil with a broad, blunt edge, used for mixing, spreading, or lifting ingredients in baking.
- Whisk: A whisk is a kitchen tool with wire loops used for mixing ingredients together, incorporating air, and creating a smooth texture.
- Mixer: A mixer is a kitchen appliance used for combining ingredients in baking and pastry recipes, typically with various speeds and attachments.

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